

United States Patent and Trademark Office

ENITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.usplo.gov

DATE MAILED: 06/23/2005

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/762.847	03/12/2001	Gerd Mansfeld	Mo-6209/HR-183	1134
7590 06/23/2005			EXAMINER	
PENDORF & CUTLIFF			JOHNSON, EDWARD M	
5111 MEMORAIL HIGHWAY TAMPA, FL 33634-7356			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1754	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		<u> </u>	· ·	
		Application No.	Applicant(s)	10
Office Action Summan		09/762,847	MANSFELD ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	71 114111110 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Edward M. Johnson	1754	
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with	i the correspondence address -	. -
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt Any	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. The period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a report of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staturely received by the Office later than three months after the mailed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a rep eply within the statutory minimum of thirty (bd will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH ute, cause the application to become ABAI	oly be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communica NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.
Status	,			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12	<i>May 2005</i> .		
2a)[_	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	nis action is non-final.		
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under			is
Disposit	ion of Claims			
5)⊠ 6)□ 7)□ 8)□	Claim(s) 1-3,5-7,9-11 and 13-24 is/are reject Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.		
Applicat	ion Papers			
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examir The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptance and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examir Theorem 1.	ccepted or b) objected to by se drawing(s) be held in abeyance ection is required if the drawing(s)	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	• •
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Bures See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Appointy documents have been re au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	plication No eceived in this National Stage	
Attachmen	t(s)			
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Sun		
3) 🔲 Inform	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 r No(s)/Mail Date		Mail Date rmal Patent Application (PTO-152)	:

HC

Application/Control Number: 09/762,847

Art Unit: 1754

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102 .

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1, 5-7, 9, and 13-24 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yoshida et al. US 4,487,613.

Regarding claims 1 and 18-19, Yoshida '613 discloses a method for odorization of hydrocarbon gases comprising combination of 2-methoxy-3-isobutyl pyrazine and methyl acrylate (see columns 5 and 6, Formulas), neither of which contain sulfur, as a warning agent for hydrocarbon fuels (see abstract).

Regarding claims 9, 21-22, and 24 Yoshida '613 discloses a composition for odorization of hydrocarbon gases comprising combination of 2-methoxy-3-isobutyl pyrazine and methyl acrylate (see columns 5 and 6, Formulas).

Regarding claims 5 and 13, Yoshida discloses addition of 2-methyl-3-isobutyl pyrazine (see column 6, lines 56-61).

Regarding claims 6-7 and 14-15, 0.5 parts pyrazine to 100 parts methyl acrylate (see columns 5-6, Formulas).

Regarding claims 16-17, Yoshida '613 discloses low corrosivity (see column, line 17).

Regarding claims 20 and 23, Yoshida '613 discloses the compounds as a warning agent for hydrocarbon fuels (see abstract).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 2-3 and 10-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yoshida '613.

Regarding claims 2-3 and 10-11, Yoshida fails to specifically disclose 2 different acrylic esters.

It is considered that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use ethyl acrylate in combination with the methyl acrylate of Yoshida because Yoshida discloses combinations of ethyl acrylate useful for odorization (see column 1, lines 14-16 and 64-68; column 2, lines 1-6).

Application/Control Number: 09/762,847 Page 4

Art Unit: 1754

Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claims 25-26 are allowed.

6. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: It would not have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the weight ratio of 9:1 to 1:9 of the two acrylic esters in an amount effective to warn of presence in the method of imparting odor to an odorless combustible gas of the instant claims 25-26.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 5/12/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

It is argued that Applicants note that the Yoshida reference fails to teach... odorizing composition. This is not persuasive because Yoshida discloses addition of mercaptan "and/or", 2-methyl-3-isobutyl pyrazine, which also anticipates the pyrazine by itself without the sulfur-containing mercaptans.

It is argued that applicants note that the disclosed formulas of Yoshida... as the main ingredients. This is not persuasive because Applicant appears to admit that the disclosed 2-methoxy-3-isobutyl pyrazine and methyl acrylate are added for "odor boosting effect". Applicant does not claim "genuine" odorant as distinguished from a "component that can enhance the

Art Unit: 1754

odor" and so the claim stands anticipated by the prior art disclosure. It is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e. "genuine" odorants as distinguished from components that can "enhance the odor") are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

It is argued that in addition, Applicant's note... "warning signal." This is not persuasive because Applicant does not claim a warning signal specifically for "kitchen and food areas" as Applicant appears to suggest and such odors of the prior art would act as a warning signal where they are not commonly detected. It is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e. a warning signal specific to "kitchen and food areas") are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

It is argued that Applicants agree with the Examiner that a person skilled in the art... twice in a document. This is not persuasive because the Examiner does not take the position that

a translator is skilled in the art. Rather, the Examiner's position is that the disclosure may not be a typographical error and, if it is, the disclosure was still published and available to the public over a year prior to Applicant's filing date, as required by \$102(b), which appears to include a published disclosure that one skilled in the art would not consider a typographical error, since it "occurs twice in the same document", which Applicant appears to admit.

Conclusion

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Edward M. Johnson whose telephone number is 571-272-1352. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stanley S. Silverman can be reached on 571-272-1358. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9306 for regular communications and (703) 872-9306 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the

Application/Control Number: 09/762,847

Art Unit: 1754

receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-0987.

MMM, M Edward M. Johnson Page 7

Examiner

Art Unit 1754

EMJ

June 21, 2005